1 2 3 4 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA 7 BRADLEY ALLEN GRUBHAM, CASE NO. 13-5646 RJB JRC 8 Petitioner, ORDER ADOPTING REPORT 9 AND RECOMMENDATION v. 10 MICHAEL OBENLAND, 11 Respondent. 12 13 This matter comes before the Court on the Report and Recommendation of U.S. 14 Magistrate Judge J. Richard Creatua. Dkt. 93. The Court has considered the Report and 15 Recommendation, Petitioner's objections, supplemental objections, and "Motion for Evidentiary 16 Hearing ie Supplemental Argument re: Objections to Magistrates [sic] Finding that Hearing is 17 not Necessary" and the remaining record. Dkts. 93, 110, 114, and 115. 18 Petitioner brings this case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, challenging his conviction in 19 state court of first degree assault. Dkt. 1. On February 8, 2017, a 42-page Report and 20 Recommendation was filed, recommending that the petition be denied on the merits and a 21 certificate of appealability not issue. Dkt. 93. The facts and procedural history are in the Report 22 and Recommendation (Dkt. 93, at 1-7) and are adopted here by reference. Petitioner's three 23 motions for an extension of time to file objections were granted. Dkts. 96, 112, and 116. 24

Petitioner has now filed multiple objections (Dkts. 110, 114, and 115) and the matter is ripe for review. Petitioner's objections will be addressed below, by subject, rather than by claim because of the way he organized his objections.

Evidentiary Hearing. The Report and Recommendation recommends that Petitioner be denied an evidentiary hearing. Dkt. 93, at 6-7. Petitioner objects, again moves for an

witness, Isabella Armour all testified falsely, that the state was aware of their false testimony,

and so, he should be given an evidentiary hearing. Dkts. 115 and 110. He points to variations in

evidentiary hearing, asserting that the victim (Ron Phillips), a witness Tim Bautista, and another

their testimony. Id. Petitioner's arguments are a repeat of his prior assertions and are addressed

in the Report and Recommendation. As stated in the Report and Recommendation, Petitioner

has not shown that he is entitled to an evidentiary hearing. He raises issues of law, which can be

decided on the record. His motion (Dkt. 115) should be denied.

Prosecutorial Misconduct in Discussing "Ambiguous" First Aggressor Jury Instruction that Relieved the State of its Burden. In his objections, Petitioner again argues that the prosecutor's misstatement regarding the first aggressor jury instruction (that provocative words were enough to eliminate the use of a defense of self-defense) was so prejudicial as to relieve the state of its burden to prove every element of assault. Dkts. 110 and 114. He further asserts that the first aggressor jury instruction was ambiguous, and so the prosecutor's misstatements compounded the problem. *Id.* Petitioner engages in an extensive discussion of his version of the events as opposed to the victim's and other witnesses. *Id.* Petitioner asserts that his "testimony was, by far, the most credible and supported by facts, physical evidence, and State witness testimony." Dkt. 114, at 13. He also refers to alleged statements from members of his jury.

Dkts. 110 and 114. Petitioner then discusses his ineffective assistance of counsel claims (both 2 trial and appellate) for failure to raise these issues. *Id.* 3 The Report and Recommendation addresses each of Petitioner's arguments, none of which are new. Petitioner's attacks on the various witnesses' and victim's versions of what happened 5 are based on the witnesses' credibility; a determination which is left to the jury. Even though he 6 focuses a great deal on the first aggressor jury instruction, he acknowledges (as stated in the 7 Report and Recommendation) that he is also not entitled to a self-defense defense if the jury 8 finds his response to the attack was unreasonable in the circumstances. Petitioner's objections do not provided a basis to reject the Report and Recommendation regarding these issues. 10 State's Knowing Use of False Testimony. In the portion of his objections entitled 11 "knowing use of false testimony," Petitioner again attacks the victim's credibility pointing to statements the victim made in a police report (that he was initially attacked from behind) that 13 Petitioner asserts vary from the victim's testimony at trial (that he was attacked from the front). 14 Dkt. 114. The Report and Recommendation specifically addresses this issue, noting that the 15 Petitioner failed to show that the prosecutor knowingly used false testimony or that any of the alleged false testimony affected the jury's verdict. Dkt. 93, at 16. 16 17 **Ineffective Assistance of Counsel.** Petitioner again asserts that trial counsel should have 18 objected to the prosecutor's misstatements that provocative words are sufficient to be considered the first aggressor and should have more completely impeached the victim's testimony and other 19 20 witnesses' testimony. Dkts. 110 and 114. Petitioner repeats his argument that appellate counsel 21 was deficient in their failure to raises the issue around the prosecutor's misstatements about the 22 first aggressor jury instruction. Id. 23 24

1	Petitioner's motion for an evidentiary hearing (Dkt. 115) IS DENIED ;
2	The petition IS DENIED;
3	The certificate of appealability IS DENIED ; and
4	This case IS CLOSED.
5	The Clerk is directed to send uncertified copies of this Order to all counsel of record,
6	Judge Creatura, and to any party appearing pro se at said party's last known address.
7	Dated this 23 rd day of October, 2017.
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10	ROBERT J. BRYAN United States District Judge
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